THE NEW YORK HERALD:

WHOLE NO. 7385.

MORNING EDITION---FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1853.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

DOUBLE SHEET.

SALES AT AUCTION

D. S. HOUGH, AUCTIONEER.—BY C. W. HOLMES.—
D. Will be sold, to-morrow, Saturday, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 54 Beekman street—a lot of second hand furniture, consisting of tables, sofas and lounges, cane and spring seat chairs and rockors, black wainut and maple bedsteads, bureaus, card table, wash stands, looking glasses, feather beds, mattresses, kitchen furniture, &c.

H. LUMOW, AUCTIONEER.—VALUABLE BROADway Property.—Lease of the northeast corner of
Broadway and Duane street, for ten years from the lat of
May, 1863, with a five-story building thereon. The lot is
25 feet 6 inches on Broadway, and 100 feet on Duane
street, being lot No. 304 Broadway. The premises will
be offered for lease at auction, on Tuesday, January 25th,
at 12 o'clock, at the Merchanta' Exchange. The terms
will be made known at the sale.

J. & R. H. SHERWOOD Solicitors for the owner.

E H. LUDIOW, AUCTIONEER.—EXECUTORS' AND E. H. LUIMOW, AUCHONEER.—EXECUTORS' AND administrator's sale of valuable property on Rector street, Trinity place, and Stone street.—E. H. Ludlow will sell at auction, on Tuesday, January 25th, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange. Stone street—The four story brick store and lot, No. 15 Stone street, on the north side, near the corner of Broad street. The store is 26 feet 5 inches by 79 feet 5 inches; lot 88 feet 6 inches on one side, and 89 feet 7 inches on the other, with the privilege of a cartway of 8 feet on the west side. Also, the lease of the lot, with the two brick dwelling houses thereon, on the northwest corner of Rector street and Trinity place. The lost is 26 feet front, 122 feet rear, 65 feet 2 inches on Rector street, and 98 feet 1 inch on the northerly side. The lease is from the Episcopal Charity School, and expires on the 1st of May, 1875. Ground rent \$120 per annum. Terms at sale.

annum. Terms at sale.

L. H. LUIMOW, AUCTIONIER.—PEREMPTORY SALE
L. of valuable property, on Whitehall and on Marketfield streets, belonging to the estate of Isaac Pierson, deceased, by order of the executors. E. H. Ludlow will sell
at austion, on Wednesday, February 23, at 12 o'clock,
at the Merchantz' Exchange. Whitehall street—The valuable lots, with the two three-story brick dwelling houses,
Nos. 5, 7, and 9, Whitehall street, the said lot's being to
gether 76 feet 1 inch front, 54 feet 9 inches rear, 149 feet
6 inches on the northerly side, and 146 feet 1 inch on
the southerly side, together with the lot No. 243/ Marketfield street, being 12 feet 6 inches front and rear, 45
feet 2 inches on the westerly side, and 45 feet 7 inches on
the easterly side, and connect with the lots on Whitehall
street. The whole property will be sold in one parcel.
The sale will be peremptory to the highest bidder, and no
bids will be made by any one interested in the property.

Tarms at sale.

T COLTON, AUCTIONEER.—AUCTION SALE OF NEW T col. Ton, AUCTIONEER.—AUCTION SALE OF NEW at 10% o'clock, at the auction room, 59 Beekman street, the entire furniture of a family leaving the city, including every article in the housekeeping line. Also, rosewood and mahogany parlor furniture, consisting of book cases, French bedsteads, wardrobes, dressing bureaus, mahogany chairs, sofas and sofa bedsteads, couches, mable top centre and card tables, extension dining tables, carpets, olicloths, beds and hair mattresses, stoves, kitchen furniture, blankets, &c. &c. Also, office furniture. Also, several dozen curl maple, and black walnut chairs, rocking clusivs, &c. Sale will be peremptory, without regard to weather.

TENRY H. LEEDS, AUCTIONEER, WILL CONTINUE
Broadway, this day, Friday, January 21st, at 100 'clock,
Assignees' sale of a large, fresh and well assorted stock of
jewellry, fanney articles, Sheffield plate, silver ware, &c.
consisting in part as follows: diamonds, eleganity set
in rings, breast pins, ear rings, &c. Also, jewellry, set
in other precious stones, in the best style; costly watches,
lepines, patent lever and enamelled; jewelly, of various kinds; rich China va-ses, automaton tree, filled
with birds, moved by machinery, to chirp and jump about
among the branches; rich Sheffield plated ware of all
kinds; biscuit figures; exquisite bronze figure, tea trays,
tortoise shell boxes, porte monnaies, silver spoons, knives,
and forks, &c. Also, the paintings, show case, gas fixtures, chairs, counters and other furniture. This stock
is all of the first quality and latest style, and presents a
fine opportunity to the trade and others to supply themselves.

selves.

Also, the entire lot of fixtures, comprising several fine pictures, viz .—Duchess of Marlborough, by Sir Peter Lilly; Holy Family, after Raphael; two fine Flemish pictures, by a modern artist; fine parian figures and groups, elegant jewelery, glass cases, counters, chandeliers, and the entire balance of the stock unsold.

HENRY H. LEEDS, AUCTIONEER, WILL SELL AT HENRY H. LEEDS, AUCHONEER, WILL. SELL AT auction this day, Friday, Jan. 21, at 10% o'clock, at the sales room. No. 8 Wall street, fresh manufactured furs. A large and elegant assortment of furs, of the finest quality, and manufactured expressly for the Broadway trade, all of which will be sold without reserve, consisting of elegant sets of stone martin victorines, cuffs, boas, gloves, collars, &c., all of which have been made up in the latest style and in the best manner. Also, about 100 robes, comisting of lined and trimmed buffalo, wolf, fox, genet, leopard and squirrel robes, fancy and plain, in every variety of style, and in lots to suit. Also, lap robes and a variety of other articles of this description, all o which will be sold to the highest bidder.

Targe SALE OF SLEIGH ROBES.—J. L. VANDEWA-TER will sell, This day, at 10½ o'clock, at the sales room, 14 Wail street, a large and peremptory sale of sleigh robes, consisting in part of Isabella bear, trimmed with African lynx, Hudson bay wolf, panther, leopard, coon, genet and American lamb, sleigh and lap robes, &c. The whole to be sold without reserve, for cash, to close sales. Also, an assortment of furs, muffs, victorines, &c.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—SALE OF PROPERTY FOR unpaid Taxes. Public notice is hereby given that a sale of property, for unpaid taxes, will take place, at public section, at the City Hall of the city of New York, on Thursday, the 21st day of April next, at 12 o'clock, at noon, and be continued from day to day, until the whole of said property be sold, and that the detailed statement of the property to be sold for unpaid taxes is published in the Morning Courier and New York Enquirer, a newspaper printed and published in the city of New York. Detailed statements, in pamphlet form, of the property to be sold, may be obtained by calling at the Comptroller's office, No. 5 Hall of Records.

AZARIAH C. FLAGG, Comptroller.

Comptroller's Office, New York, Jan. 17, 1853.

Comptroller's Office, New York, Jan. 17, 1853.

D. D. NASH, AUCTIONEER, STORE 316 BRODWAY.—
Sheriff's sale, adjourned from 13th—By virtue of
an attachment, I will expose for sale at public auction,
the steemboat or vessel called the Boston, now lying at
pier 44 North river, her tackle, apparel and furniture, on
Tuesday, January 18th, 1853, at 10 A. M., in compliance
with an order granted by the Hon. Charles P. Paly, one
of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas in and for
the city and county of New York, said order bearing
date January 3, 1853. This sale is further adjourned until Priday, January 21, at 10 A. M., when the sale will
peremptorily take place, at pier No. 44 North river.

M. H. CHASE, late Deputy Sheriff.

T. CARNIEY, late Sheriff.

T. CARNIEV, late Sheriff.

M. B. BUTLER, AUCTIONEER.—RECEIVER'S SALE
On Monday, January 24th, at ten o'clock, A.M., at Tompkinsville, (Quarantine,) Staten Island, will be sold, on the
premises, the entire stock, fixtures, and contents of the
grocery store of M. M'Keon & Co., consisting of a general
assortiment of groceries, tens, sugars, spices, and coffee,
champagne, claret, and other wines, brandy, gin, whiskey; also, a quantity of superfine flour and meal, a thousand bushels of fine feed, bale hay, oats, straw, &c.;
also, a large assortiment of men's and boys' boots and
shoes, and isdies' shoes, and overshoes, dry goods, and
ready made clothing; also, paints, oils, colors, and hardware, together with all the counters, scales and weights,
shelving, standing casks, glass cases, and fixtures of every
kind, &c. Also, live wagons, a set of double harness, two
sets of single narness, and one black horse. Terms of sale
cash.

R. C. KEMP, AUCTIONEER.—HOUSEHOLD FURNI R. C. KEMP, AUCTIONEER.—HOUSEHOLD FURNIture, and Pianofortes.—This day, at 10½ o'clock,
at 85 Nassau street, near Fulton, R. C. Kemp will sell at
auction as above, a large and handsome assortment of
furniture—removed for convenience of sale—to be sold
without reserve, for cash, and is well worthy the attention of housekeepers, consisting of beautifully carved
rosewood parlor furniture, in French satin brocatelle; a
landsome rosewood pianoforte, two large French plate
mirrors, Brussels and other carpets; carved mahogany
tete-a-tetes, sofas and chairs; rosewood and mahogany
marble-top centre and pier tables, carved rosewood chamber furniture, en suite, with marble; best curled horse
hair mattresses, library and secretary book cases; extension dining tables, marble-top dressing bureaus and washstands, affiver plated ware, cutlery; painted cottage fruiture, en suite; looking glasses, cut glass and China ware,
clocks; tollet ware, hat stands, cooking stoves, etc. At
12 o'clock, two rosewood 6½ octave planofortes, which
are well worthy the attention of purchasers.

Cimeon Draper.—Sale For Friday, 218T Jan.

at 12 o'clock, at the Herchants' Exchange—Simeon Draper will sell \$20,000 State of California Seven per Cent Bonds; 30 shares North American Insurance Stock; 50 shares East River Fire Insurance Stock; 10 shares Clinton Fire Insurance Stock; 66 shares Etna Fire Insurance Stock; 100 shares Oswego and Syracuse Railway Company Stock; \$10,000 shares Pacific Mail Steamship Company Stock; \$10,000 shares Pacific Mail Steamship Company Stock;

SALES AT AUCTION.

A UCTION NOTICE.—LARGE VARIETY SALE, THIS day, at 10% o'clock, in the auction rooms, 13 Spruce street.—A lot of furniture, dry goods, cutlery, hardware, guns, jewelry, clothing, counters, show cases, carpets, &c. Large sale of excellent furniture on Saturday. R. Forrestal.

WM. WITTERS, AUCTIONEER, WILL SELL, ON SAT-W. M. WITLERS, AUCHONEER, WILL SELL, ON SAT-urday, at 10 o'clock, at 187 Canal street, the furni-ture of a boarding house, together with the bar fixtures, oyster stand, chairs, tables, pictures, segars, wines, also, counters, show cases; also, machinery of eight horse power; also, 20 boxes transparent soaps, 4 chests of teas; also, one piano. Cash advances in large or small sums for short periods.

POLITICAL.

TAMMANY HALL, JANUARY 20, 1853—DEMOCRATIC
Republican General Committee.—The meeting of
the General Committee called for this evening is postponed, in consequence of the refusal of the Tammany Society, the owners of Tammany Hall, as well as Mr. Howard, the lessee of the Hotel, to let apartments in the
building for a pommittee meetings at present. Due notice
will be given of the next meeting of the General Committee. THOS. J. BARR, Chairman.
GEORGE G. GLAZIER,
Secretaries.

NOTICE.—THE SACHEMS OF THE TAMMANY SO-ciety having arrogated to themselves the right of regulating the affairs of the democratic republican party of this city and county, the Democratic Republican Ge-eneral Committee for the city and county of New York will be duly notified of their next meeting. G. G. GLASUR, 1.—THOMAS J. BARR, Chairman.

G. G. GLASHER, Secretaries.

MISS BACON'S EVENING COURSE OF HISTORICAL Instruction, at the Stuyesant Institute.—The fourth lesson will be given this evening at 8 o'clock Tickets to single lessons, 50 cents.

GEOGRAPHICAL LITTURES.—MR. JOHN MASON will deliver two lectures on geography, in the lecture room of the Brooklyn institute, Washington street, in the following order:—First lecture on ancient geography, embracing a review of the situation and relations of gypt, Palestine, Greece, Rome, and Carthage, on Friday evening, January 21; second lecture on modern geography, embracing a review of the discovery of the American continent by Columbus, the expedition of Sir John Franklin, Australia, Japan, and Central America, on Monday evening, January 24th. These lectures will be illustrated with a globe, ten feet in circumference, which the lecturer has constructed, and on which he has developed the entire physical arragements and phenomena on the face of the earth, the continents, islands, and ranges of mountains being elevated, and presenting the terrestal world in a form which will render geography one of the most attainable, as it is one of the most valuable branches of human science. Admission 25 cents. Doors open at half-past seven o'clock, lecture to commence at eight o'clock. Tickets to be had at the offices of the Brooklyn newspapers, and at all the book stores. G EOGRAPHICAL LECTURES.—MR. JOHN MASON will deliver two lectures on geography in the lec-

If JIMMY HARKINS, WHO FORMERLY RESIDED IN Broadway, near Prince street, will drop a line to Ed-ward T. Broadway Post Office, he will hear from a friend he would like to see.

\$10 REWARD.—LOST, ON THE AFTERNOON OF the 18th instant, at the depot of the Harlem Failread, in Twenty-sixth street, a lady's dark fur victorine, brown lining. By returning the same to No. 11 Wall street, in the basement, the above reward will be paid by HOUGHTON & CO.

Price, Boston. Whoever will receive the above reward.

REWARD-LOST-ON MONDAY LAST, FROM Washington avenue, Brooklyn, a small brown Scatch Washington arenue, Brooklyn, a small brown Scotch terrier slut, with the owner's name on its collar. Any person returning the same to No. 10 Pine street, will re-ceive the above reward.

REWARD.—LOST, WHILE COMING DOWN THE Bloomingdale road, at or near the Claremont Hotel, a lady's fur tippet, with the owner's name written on the inside. By returning it to 152 Second avenue, or to 32 Cortland street, the finder will receive the above reward and the thanks of the owner.

REWARD.—LOST—ON TUENDAY MORNING, THE 18th inst., a gold watch, chain and key: maker's name is Tobias; gold dial; No. 3,130; thirteen chain anchor. Whoever gives any information relative to the recovery of the same, shall receive the above reward and thanks of the owner, at No. 293 Eighth avenue, corner of Twenty-fifth street. Jewelers and pawnbrokers will please stop the above, if offered.

A N OVERCOAT WAS TAKEN FROM THE HALL OF my dwelling, 31 Irving place, on the night of the 18th instant, containing a memorandum book and papers, of no value to any one else. I should like to have the book and papers returned, through the Post Office, to my address.

R. S. ROBERTSON, 23 Park row. L OST-ON FRIDAY NIGHT, THE 14TH INSTANT, IN

Warded by leaving it at No. 169 East Fourteenth street.

CST, OR TAKEN BY MISTAKE, FROM THE METROpolitan Hotel, a russet trunk, marked "L. M." on
each end, and "L. Maynard" on the plate. Any information of said trunk left at the office of the Metropolitan
Hotel will be suitably rewarded.

RUNAWAY.—ON THE EVENING OF THE 17TH,
from about the City Hall, Brooklyn, a light, bay
horse, fifteen hands high, with a switch tail; had on a
light harness; having broke loose from a sleigh. Any information sent to J. DE VAUGHENE, Crescent, oppposite City Hall, Brooklyn, or to 102 William street, New
York, will be liberally rewarded.

20,000 HOTTLES OF CHOICE GRADES OF cordials, syrups, &c., &c., imported by Wm. H. Underhill; and for sale, in quantities to suit purchasers, wholesale and retail, at 20 per cent lower than any other house.

WM. H. UNDERHILL, 430 Broome street.

2.000 DOZEN DUBLIN STOUT AND FĂLKIRK
ale, just received by the Glasgow and
Siddons. Also on hand, Younger's, Tennant's, Campbell's, &c., Scotch ale, London porter, XXX stout, Philadelphia ale and porter, superior to any in the market.
For sale by

WM. H. UNDERHILL.
430 Broome street, corner of Crosby.

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF BRANDIES A wines, whiskey, rum, gin, champagne, segars, &c., of all the well known brands, imported for wholesale buyers, and for sale in quantities to suit, at a saving of WM. H. UNDERHILL, 430 Broome street, corner of Crosby.

BRANDIES, SEGARS, DATES, TEAS, AT AUCHON.—
Friday, Jan. 21, at 10½ o'clock, at 57 Day street, corner of Greenwich, dates, teas, raisins, figs, prunes, maccaroni, vermicelli, lentils, sugar, coffee, aweetmeats from Canton and Havana, coddsh, herring, segars, to-bacco, snuff, brandies, gin, wines, rum-with a few cases French cordials. WELLINGTON A. CARTER, Auctioneer

ed 1797.—The undersigned continue to manufacture the celebrated Poughkeepsie pale, amber, and XX ale and porter, for home consumption, and the markets of California, South America, Australia and the Indies. For shipping, the article is put up as heretofore, in new wood and iron bound casks, manufactured expressly for such purpose. Orders received at their depot, 116 Warren street, New York, or at the browery, Poughkeepsie.

M. VASSAR & CO.

LEGAL NOTICES.

MOUNT VERNON.-I DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE TO M OUNT VERSON.—I DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE TO
owners of property in the town of East Chester
and villages of Mount Vernon, East and West Mount Vernon, that I am prepared to receive the tax, as per assessment, for the town of East Chester, at Keene's Fourteenth
Ward Hotel, corner of Grand and Elizabeth streets, on
Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week. Hours
from 11 A.M. till 3 P. M. AMOS JUDSON, Collector

DOCKKEPING, ARITHMETIC, ETC.—MR. W. J. REN. ville, 289 Broadway, devotes his attention, exclusively, to imparting to those who may need them, the necessary instructions for becoming thorough practical book keepers. Open during the day and evening. Terms reasonable.

EXTRAORDINARY DISCOVERY.—A NEW AND FASHionable style of writing, acquired in a few lessons,
requiring only one sheet of paper, has been discovered by
Mr. KELLY. This discovery is austained by a number of
distiguished ladies and gentlemen, in different parts of the
United States, to whom Mr. Kelly has imparted the art.
Letters and decument, in testingnos of its superlevit and Letters and documents, in testimony of its superiority, in preference to all others, can be seen at Mr. Kelly's rooms. Please address either of the following places:—Proprietor Tammany Hall; Westchester House, Broadway or Astor Place Hotels.

DENMANSHIP.—THE SUBSCRIBER WILL RECEIVE new pupils daily, at his rooms, 230 Broadway. Ladies' classes at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.; gentlemen's classes at 9 A. M.; and 3, 7, and 8 o'clock, P. M. Private instruction at hours convenient to the pupil. See card.

OLIVER B. GOLDSMITH.

SPANISH LANGUAGE.—A SPANISH GENTLEMAN, OF literary attainments, and who is favorably known in this city as teacher of his native tongue, will impart private instruction in the same to ladies or gentlemen, and will also make translations with correctness and propriety. Apply at 333 Broadway, room No. 11, second 2005.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH. INTERESTING CONGRESSIONAL BUSINESS.

Another Spirited Debate in the House on the New York Branch Mint Bill.

Position and Prospects of Various Bills.

BUSINESS IN THE NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

The Canal Question Again Under Discussion in the Assembly.

CURIOUS DEBATE ON FEMALE CORPORA TIONS IN THE SENATE.

BUSH OF THE POLITICIANS TO CONCORD. &c., &c., &c.

Affairs in Washington.

CONGRESSIONAL DOINGS—MR. BADGER'S APPOINT-MENT—THE TEXAS DEBT—PRENCH SPOLIATIONS— THE CANADIAN RECIPROCITY PROJECT—THE CON-FISCATION OF THE SUSAN LOUD BY THE SPANISH—

SLAP AT THE PRESIDENT, ETC.

JECTAL CORESPONDENCE OF THE NEW YORK HERALD. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20-7 P. M. Mr. Badger's nomination still remains suspended, like Mohammed's coffin, but the chances are now that it will be confirmed, whilst some Senators are opposed to it because they wish it to lay over till the next administration. There are some democrats who only object to Mr. Badger because he lives out of the

There is a strong feeling in Congress in favor of the bill to liquidate the debt due to the creditors of Texas, and the vote in the Senate this morning must not, therefore, be taken as a test. A good many voted against taking the bill up, simply because they desire to dispose of the Railroad Bill-Nearly every one who has looked into the subject agrees with Mr. Clay, that the United States are norally bound to pay the Texas debt, for which the revenues from the customs of Texas were specially pledged. This was conceded in priciple in the Compledged. This was conceded in priciple in the Compromise Bill, and the fact that Texas has not seen fit to appropriate any of the five millions they pocketed towards liguidating her debt, affords no just reason why the United States should compel the creditors to suffer, when the arrangement was made without the concurrence of the latter, and, in fact, in violation of their wishes. The whole question now is, shall the United States pay in full a debt which they have conceded is a just one, or, because they have the power, only pay two-thirds of it?

The decision of the Speaker having been confirmed by the! House, the French Sopilation bill remained where he placed it, in the fourth class, on the Speaker's table. Under this rulingfull the bill passed by the Senate last session, and now on the Speaker's table on their third reading, some two hundred in number must be acted upon before the Spoliation bill will be reached.

The Committee on Commerce of the House, are

number must be acted upon before the Spoliation bill will be reached.

The Committee on Commerce of the House, are busily engaged in endeavoring to mature the bill arranging the trade between the British provinces—and the United States, including the fisheries. It is understood a difficulty has arisen in consequence of the Southern members of the committee insisting upon the coasting trade being thrown open to British vessels, thus abolishing our navigation laws. The Northern members, so far, have refused to agree to this. Mr. Sabine's report on the fishery question is a highly interesting paper. He demonstrates that the headland construction placed upon the treaty of 1818, by the British, is wholly untenable, even by their own confession. The treaty Mr. Everett and Mr. Crampton have been amusing themselves with, might as well be abandoned, as it never will be ratified with the facts now de voloped. Besides, the action of the committee of the House supersedes its necessity.

Mr. Polk's motion to refer the correspondence transmitted to the House to-day, on the subject of the Susan Loud, before ordering it to be printed, is generally understood as being intended as a censure of Mr. Fillmore for the indiscreet publication of the Cuban correspondence. In this view the motion is important. The discussion upon it to-morrow will probably bring up the whole subject. X. Y. Z.

BUSINESS ON THE SPEAKER'S TABLE-RUMORS OF CORRUPTIONS CONNECTED WITH THE CAPITOL EXTENSION—NEW ALABAMA SENATORS, ETC. FROM A REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

table for the first time to-day, and a strong effort was made to reach the French Spoliation bill; but the Speaker's decision that under the rules it be longs to the ninth clause of business, which was sustained by the House, indicates that the bill will not be reached this session.

The Houston Investigation Committee are inquiring into various charges of corruption in the erection of the Capitel extension. Rather startling disclosures are antiquated.

erection of the Capitol extension. Rather startling disclosures are anticipated.

The Senate devoted another hour to-day in secret session to the nomination of Mr. Badger. Mr. Fitzpatrick, the newly elected Senator from Alabama, arrived in the Southern boat this afternoon, and was immediately sent for. He reached the Senate while Mr. Badger's case was up—was soon in, and took his seat; but as Mr. Dawson, of Ga., arrived with in it is all and shown the state of the services with him, it did not change the state of the vote, and the nomination was again laid over. Washington Irving was in the Senate cham-ber to-day, and attracted the marked attention of

Senators.

Joseph R. Pomeroy, late third Assistant Engineer in the Navy, died at the Navy Yard on Tuesday.

T. Butler King, late Collector at San Francisco, California, arrived this evening, and has taken rooms at Willard's Hotel.

The Latest from Albany. LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS—DEBATE IN THE SENATE RE

LATIVE TO INCORPORATING FEMALE COMPANIES-THE LADIES' REPOSITORY—DEBATE ON THE CANAL SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.

ALBANY, Jan. 20-84 P. M.

The Senate spent most of the day in discussing the bill to incorporate the Ladies' Repository of the city of New York. The object is to furnish work for destitute females. The debate was upon the question of a special act, or of passing a general law, to allow any number of females to form corporations. Several Senators took part in the discussion, as they generally do when a subject comes up in which ladies are interested, especially when a number of smiling faces are in their presence. Mr. Taber, generally grave and serious in all matters, spoke quite jocosely

faces are in their presence. Mr. Taber, generally grave and serious in all matters, spoke quite jocosely He said he was opposed to passing a general law to allow all the ladies' of the State to neglect their household duties, and enter upon the business of corporators. Having the misfortune to be a widower, he should feel unwilling to vote for a law which would prevent him from showing attention to a lady, through fear of infringing some by-law of a corporation. The bill, after this convincing speech, was passed in committee. It grants the Ladies' Repository a special charter.

The session of the House was mestly consumed in discussing Mr. Cooley's joint resolutions, which passed the Senate almost unanimously, to raise a committee of the two Houses to present some plan for finishing the canals. Mr. Loomis was quite lengthy incoposition. He declared it as his his believe, that it was the intention of the offer of the proposition, for a joint committeee, to create a basis for banking capital. Mr. L. gave, as rumor, that Mr. Cooley's plan was to borrow, on the credit of the State, ten million of dollars, to be expended on the canal within six years, to impose a tax upon the people to pay the interest annually, and extinguish the capital in eighteen years; that the whole should be borrowed at once, to create a bank stock fund, to be placed in the hands of Commissioners and and that a three-fourths mill tax be fevied to pay the debt, to all of which Mr. Loomis was opposed. In justice to Mr. Cooley, it is proper to state that the above statement attributed to his project is entirely incorrect, as he has devised no plan, nor recommended any, and only brought forward the measure for early action. The House adjourned without coming to a vote. Mr. Loomis' appeal to the responsible majority to vote against the resolutions and let the matter rest with the canal committees of both houses, will have the effect, as things stand now, to defeat the resolutions.

The proceedings of the New York Legislature ill be found on the last page.

THIRTY-SECOND CONGRESS. SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20, 1853. REPORT OF THE SECURTARY OF THE TREASURY, RC.
The CHAIR laid before the Senate the report of the Secretary of the Treasury. Referred, and 10,000 copies ordered to be printed.

Also, the report of the Lighthouse Board.

THE PUBLIC LANDS.

Mr. SEWARD presented resolutions of the New York Legislature, concerning the distribution of the public lands to the several States for internal improvements.

REPORT OF THE MEXICAN BOUNDARY COMMISSION The CHAIR presented the report of the Commission and mark the Mexican Boundary. Referred.

Fun and mark the Mexican Boundary. Referred.

INCEASED PAY OF DEFAURINEST CLERICS.

Mr. BRODREAD presented petitions in favor of extending to clerks in the executive departments the increased allowance made that year.

COMPONEAL PUNISHMENT IN THE COMMERCIAL MARINE.

Mr. PEARCE presented a memorial of ship owners and others, setting forth the evils resulting from the abolition of corporeal punishment in the commercial marine, and asking a substitute therefor.

RAHROAD TO THE PACIFIC.

Mr. RUSK moved that the bill reported by the Territorial Committee, for a railroad to the Pacific, be referred to a select committee of five. Agreed to.

This motion in no way affects Mr. Gwin's bill, which is now pending.

THE SMALL NOTE BILL.

The House bill, to suppress the circulation of small notes in the District of Columbia, was referred.

Mr. Gwin moved to take up the Pacific Railroad bill.

notes in the District of Columbia, was referred.

Mr. GWIN moved to take up the Pacific Railroad bill.

Mr. PRARCE urged the taking up of the bill providing for the payment of the Texns debt.

After debating the matter till half past 1 o'clock, Mr. Pearce's motion was rejected, by yeas 23, nays 27.

EXECUTIVE COMMENSATIONS.

The CHAIR INDEPTIVE COMMENSATIONS.

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The President, relative to the Florida Indians, (the same as in the House yesterday,) which were both referred.

THE PACIFIC RAHRADAD HILL

Was taken up, when

Mr. CHAISE, (free soil) of Ohio, modified his amendment so as to confine the location of the eastern terminus of the road to some point on the Missouri river not above Kanesville, Lowa, nor below Independence, Missouri, and addressed the Senate in support of it.

Mr. Shiff, (whig) of Conn., followed, expressing his willingness to vote any necessary sum for a survey of the country before making the road.

Mr. RELL, (whig) of Tenn., supported the smendment.

Mr. Underwood, (whig) of Tenn., supported the benedication of the road so as to connect with the Mississippi and the Ohio at their confluence.

Motion FOR AN EXECUTIVES-SEGON—SCARCITY OF MEMBERS.

Mr. CLAEKE, (whig) of R. I. at half past two, moved that the bill be postponed, for an executive session.

Mr. GWIN, (dem.) of Cal., asked, would there be a discussion in executive session?

Mr. CLAEKE said the could not tell.

Messirs. Downs and BRIGHT opposed the motion.

Messirs. CHASE, CLAEKE, and ADAMS supported it.

Mr. CLAEKE's motion was agreed to—yeas 24, nays 17.

Mr. WELLER, (dem.) of Cal., asked the rever but forty-one Senators present, and he moved a call of the Senate.

The CRAIR said the motion was unknown to the rules of the Senate.

The Chair said the motion was unknown to the rules of the Senate.

Mr. Weller said, that as the business to be transacted in executive session was important, he desired the Senate to be full. He therefore moved an adjournment, which was lost, by yeas 16, nays 25.

The question recurring on the motion to go into executive session, it was, after repeated votes, owing to Senators refusing to vote, agreed to by ayes 24, nays 8.

At four o'clock the doors were opened.

The green and or how. W. KING, ETC.

THE SUCCESSOR OF HON. W. R. KING, ETC.
The credentials of Mr. FIZZATRICK, Senator from Alaama, were presented, and he was sworn in.
The doors were again closed, and upon re-opening, the

House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20, 1852.
THE NEW YORK BRANCH MINT BILL. The Speaker announced the first business to be the question, "Shall the New York Branch Mint bill be rejected?"

from the former and last annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury, showing the efficiency of the mint, and

from the former and last annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury, showing the efficiency of the mint, and that the coinage of last year, gold, silver and copper, amounted to nearly fifty-two and a half millions of dollars.

Mr. Tuck said the mint of Philadelphia had a capacity for coining, at the present time, from year to year, twice the amount that the country could possibly demand; from it. He further opposed the hill, and said he could show conclusively that there was no necessity for the proposed branch, and in such terms that the most ardent friend of New York State or City could not successfully controvert. Mr. Brogs, (whig) of N. Y., said, if the gentleman had made himself familiar with the bill, he would not have attempted to alarm the House by the display of the extravagant expense of carrying the bill into operation should it become a law. If he had looked to the ninth section he would have seen that the measure is not to go into operation until security shall be given, to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury, that the whole expense of the branch mint shall not exceed \$250,000, including site, buildings, machinery, and everything connected with the coinage of all gold dust which may be received. He would state further that the corporate authorities of the city of New York, during the last session of Congress, in the most liberal manner, tendered to the government a site for the location of the proposed Branch Mint. It is true the expense would be large, but New York expects, if the bill shall become a law, to expend large sums to carry it out. They do not ask government to do it. The entire amount they ask is \$250,000. He would call attention to the hast section of the bill, which says that when the mint goes hat operation, one half of one per cent shall be required of all depositors of gold dust for coinage. It would not be exaggeration to estimate the annual coinage of a mint there at forty millions—which per cent, after deducting expenses, would put into the United States Treas

annual coinage of a mint there at forty millions—which per cent, after deducting expenses, would put into the United States Treasury \$120,000. The mint in California will not diminish the receipts of gold dust at New York 5 per cent, and it was believed the coinage there would be applied to the circulation of that State.

Mr. Sexfours, (dem.) of N. Y., having the floor, yielded it to
Mr. Tuck, (whig.) of N. H., who remarked that when he was interrupted, before Mr. Briggs took the floor, he was about saying something of a plan by which much saving might be effected in the conveyance of the gold dust between New York and Philadelphia. It was by means of a receiving office to do the business, and this would dispense with the branch mint in New York. Mr. Briggs.) said only \$260,000 were asked for. Now he, Chr. Briggs.) said only \$260,000 were asked for. Now he, Chr. Briggs.) said only \$260,000 were asked for word. The substance of all this is, \$260,000 were asked for a commencement, and all history warrants the belief that if this should not be sufficient, additional sums will be voted rather than the work should be abandoned.

Mr. Sexfours, of New York, said he regretted objection was made by Mr. Chandler to the second reading of the bill. It was unusual in its character, and, so far as he knew, had seldom been applied, except when one sentiment was really entertained, and with regard to the result of a vote on which no one could be mistaken. This measure, when before a former Congress, was examined, and discussed, and afterwards rejected by a small majority. But since that time other minds have been called to the consideration of it, and the necessity for the establishment of a branch mint in New York has been constantly increasing in its force. He should not follow the example of the gentlemen from Pennsylvania, by an allusion to the city of state of the work of the commercial mercents, which he daughters of the force of the set of the continuous of the continuous of the contraction of the contraction of the con

be presented from New York, or any other State, of national, not personal or local interest merely, he would be found as ready to vote for it as he did for the Collins line appropriation, and do all he could in its favor.

Mr. Synous resuming, said—He hoped the gentleman would as readily go for the New York mint, as a national object, as he did for the Collins steamers.

Mr. Brucos, in reply to Mr. Chandler, said—In my remarks yesterday, expressing surprise at the vote given by a portion of the delegation from Pennsylvania, in favor of the Collins increased appropriation, I did not mean it in the sense of a sneer, but in commendation of extreme liberality, considering their past universal hatred and jealousy of New York interests, as expressed by them whenever any question interesting to that city is before the House, and more especially the establishment of a mint there.

Mr. Synour resumed—The gentleman spoke of the sentiments of New York, which he had somewhere collected, and which he presumed to know better than the people themselves. The gentleman declared there was very little feeling there on the subject of a mint except during election times, and even then it was cared little about. Now, he (Mr. Seymour) professed to know something of the sentiments of that State and city. He had no Wall street interest. He resided further from the city of New York than the gentleman from Philadelphia. He did not believe there were a dozen respectable merchants, who understood the commercial interests of the Northern part of the country, who did not coincide in the opinion that a mint should be established there. They deem it to be essential for the commerce of the country, and that it should be located in the great centre of American commerce. New York does not seek to deprive Philadelphia of the prime mint there. Let it be the chief mint, as it was designed to be. All New York asks is, that the wants of commerce shall not be neglected in that quarter. In conclusion, he earneatly pressed the establishment of a branch m

On motion of Mr. Houston, (dem.,) of Ala., it was agreed to proceed to the consideration of business on the Speaker's table.

The Speaker laid before the body, the annual financial report of the Secretary of the Treasury, which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Several Senate amendments to House bills were concurred in.

On motion of Mr. GORMAN. (dem..) of Indiana, the Committee on Public Printing were instructed to inquire into the expediency of ordering the printing and binding of the Seventh Census, and its cost per copy, under the price established for the public printer, and the matter project to be published, and that the committee report at an early day.

The resolution was amended by adding, "and whether said work can be printed at cheaper rates elsewhere," and adopted.

said work can be printed at cheaper rates elsewhere," and adopted.

French Spoliation bill was now the unfinished business on the table, and read the rules in support of his point.

The Spraker overruled the question, deciding the bill belonged to the minth class of business.

Mr. Dear moved the House resolve itself into Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, but the motion failed—yeas 50, nays 102.

Mr. Dear moved the House resolve itself into Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, but the motion failed—yeas 50, nays 102.

Mr. Veneric, (dem.) of N. C., moved to lay Mr. Walsh's appeal on the table, by yeas 91, nays 80.

PUBLIC EXECUTIONS ABOLISHED IN THE DEFINICY.

The Senate bill to prohibit public executions in the District of Columbia was taken up.

Mr. STEPHENS, (whig) of Ga., moved to table it. Negatived, by 40 yeas, against 89 mays.

Mr. JONES, (dem.) of Tennessee, moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, with instructions to abolish the death penalty. Voted down.

The DEAF OF THE BERK REGORDIANA AND BRIG SUSAN LOUD—A SHORT FLARE UP.

The SPFARER hald before the House a message from the

The bill passed by 98 against 51.

THE CAPE OF THE BARK GEORGIANA AND BEIG SUSAN LOUD—A SHIGHT FLARE UP.

The SPFAKER laid before the House a message from the President, in answer to the resolution of the 27th alt., requesting information relative to the confiscation and capture, by the Spanish authorities, of the bark Georgiana and brig Susan Loud.

Ordered to be printed, and referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Polk, (dem.) of Tenn., moved a reconsideration of the vote as to the printing, saying, that owing to the relations between the two governments, the document should not be made public till after the examination by the committee.

Mr. Sylniv, (whig) of N. C., hoped the motion would not prevail. The conduct of the administration having been arraigned, it was entitled to a hearing.

Mr. Polk said it was not his purpose to deny the President a hearing, and that a sense of propriety had induced him to make the motion.

Mr. Sylniv remarked, there had been sharp controversy here about this affair, and certainly there was no impropriety in making the document public.

Mr. JONES, of Tenn., hoped his colleague would withdraw his motion, as the friends of the President asked for the publication.

Mr. Sylniv said he was willing that whatever blame there was in the document should rest on the administration. He appealed to the magnanimity of Mr. Polk to withdraw the motion.

Mr. FOLK repeated. that his object was to avoid any difficulties which might arise from the publication.

Mr. Bayly, (dem.) of Va., expressed himself in favor of printing the document. Pending the subject, on motion, the House adjourned.

The Tectotalers at Albany. THE STATE TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE-ELECTION OF

ALBANY, Jan. 20, 1853. this afternoon. A committee of eight, one from each ju-dicial district, was appointed to nominate officers of the Alliance for the ensying year. The Executive Committee reported some amendments, enlarging said committee, &c.

for officers of the Alliance :-

for officers of the Alliance:

Por President—R. N. Havens.
Vice Presidents—S. P., Townsend, Bradford R. Wood,
H. H. Chepman, L. P. Noble, John Miller, John W. Sawyer, and Charles S. Shepard.

Recording Secretary—John C. Smith.

2reasurer—James O. Beanett.
Counsellors—Andrew Leslie, Edward Corning, R. T. Trall,
Favid B. Lent, Otis Allen, John Vandyke, Samuel S. Beamen, B. J. Clark, O. B. Pierce, J. J. Whitman, Wm. Shermerhorn, Wm. Avery, Samuel C. Cuyler, Banj. Joy, Wm.
C. Bloss, and Geo. W. Johnson.
The above gentlemen were unanimously elected, and
the Alliance adjourned.

GENERAL MEETING-DRAFT OF AN ANTI-LIQUOR GENERAL MEETING—DRAFT OF AN ANTI-LIQUOR BILL FOR THE LEGISLATURE, ETC.

Another meeting, comprising the Friends of the Alliance, The State Society, Sons, and all sorts of temperance felks, was immediately organized by the appointment of Mr. Havens as Fresident, and Mr. Chambers as Secretary, to consider the subject of presenting the Legislature with a draft of an anti-liquor bill. The subject was referred to a committee, composed of the following generatemen.—Messrs. Bradford R. Wood, of Abany; Reuben Walworth and William Haig, of Saratoga; R. N. Havens, of New York; Herman Camp, of Tompkins; John Savage, of Oncida; John C. Smith, of Kings; Leonard Gibbs, of Washington; E. D. Culcer, of New York; J. D. Husbands, of Monroe; L. P. Noble, of Onondaga; Edgar B. Day, of Gatskill, and S. P. Townsend, of New York.

The meeting then adjourned.

of Monroe; L. P. Noble, of Unondaga; Edgaf E. Day, of Gatskill, and S. P. Townsend, of New York.

The meeting then adjourned.

STILE ANGTHER MEETING. SPEECH OF REV. RENRY WARD BESCHER, ETC.

A public meeting, under the auspices of the State Temperance Alliance, was held in the State street Esptist Church this evening. Dr. Feecher, of this city, presiding. The Rev. HENRY WARD BERCHER was introduced, and snid—No little interest induced him to be present;—felt as much interest as he ever had when, on the sacred day, he speke more directly to perishing men of their spiritual interests. We were about to have a Waterloo battle, but he did not know to whom victory would come, but it would be either for rum or temperance. If tempperance men failed, it would take twenty years to retrieve the vantage ground already realized; and if we gained, twenty thousand years would would not be sufficient for the rumseliers to recover their position. The temperance movements commenced bout two years before he was born, and he felt proud that his father was the first person to commence it. He briefly reviewed the history of temperance reform, and coming down to the subject of the Maine law, he said. "We propose to onact that crime making is criminal. I do not supplese the Maine law will work miracles, but a judicious law—one which constitutional and law rats will not be able to creep out of—will do much to destroy the enormous evils which we have to lament. When society is laboring under great and powerful evils, it is right for society to protect itself by penal enactments. He explained the nature of sumptany laws, and showed that the Maine law is not of that class; that it did not ferbid the use of alcohol in any shape, but merely provided that men shall not traffic in it—classing it with gunpowder and poisions. (Here some disturbance occurred on account of a false alarm in regard to the safety of the builbing, which had been raised by some vicious person.] Quiet having been restored, he showed that the opposition of the rumsellers THE ANOTHER MEETING - SPEECH OF REV. HENRY WARD

their closets for this law, and will not be put down; ac-cond, the sober second thought of the dispassionate masses is with us; third, the church, almost in a body, are for the law. If we are overthrown the effects will be fearful. But we will not be overthrown, victory must and will be over

fearful. But we will not be overthrown, victory must be fearful. But we will not be overthrown, victory must be will be ours.

Mr. Beecher was followed by the Rev. Charles Parker, general agent of the State Alliance, who forcibly and clearly set forth the obligations devolving upon the public, the work required to be done, and the best method of doing it.

The house was densely crowded, hundreds of men and women standing in the aisles for two long hours.

Mr. Barnum made a capital speech at the Methodist church this evening.

MOVEMENTS OF NEW YORK AND OTHER DEMOCRATS THE DICKINSON COMMITTEE, ETC.

Lieutenant-Governor Sanford E. Church, John .C. Wright, Peter Cagger, and Benjamin Welch, Jr., arrived Wright, Peter Cagger, and Benjamin Welch, Jr., arrived from Albany this afternoon, and dined at the Eagle Hotel. The following arrived yesterday:—From New York City—J. E. Newton, J. H. Hart, T. H. Hart, and John V. L. Pruyn; from Cleveland, Ohio—General Wilson and J. W. Fitch; Judge Beardsley of Utipa, and Pearson of Troy. Peter is on hand before the cock crows.

The cars are just in, but the Dickinson Committee has not come. It was switched off in Boston. Probably that city is getting to be a sort of Gretna Green.

General Pierce is at home.

General Pierce is at home.

The weather is very moderate, considering the tinned season.

Interesting from the South. THE SEMINOLES—BILLY BOWLEGS DEPOSED—CHOLERA AMONG LIBERIAN EMIGRANTS—FIRE, ETG.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 20, 1858 A letter from an officer of the army, in Florida, says that filly Bowlegs has been deposed from the command of his tribe; on account of his consenting to their removal from Florida.

Twelve new cases of cholera had occurred among the emigrants for Liberia, on the brig Zebra, at Savannah, but after receiving fresh water and food, the disease was shating.

abating.

The dwelling of Mr. Kessner, on Baltimore street, was destroyed by fire this merning. Loss \$1,400. The adjoining store of Messrs Gibbs & Smith, was damaged to the extent of \$2,000—both covered by insurance.

The weather continues clear and cold, and there is plenty of ice in the harbor.

The Rhode Island U. S. Senatorship.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 20, 1852.

The House of Representatives, after a severe struggle The Senate, however, had adjourned before the resolution

The Adrian Insurance Company.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 20, 1858.

The charter of the Adrian Insurance Company has been repealed.

LOUISVILLE, Jan 20-714 P. M. The Louisville and Owen hotels, on Main, between Sixth

HALIYAX, Jan. 20-11 P. M. There is no appearance of the steamship Niagara, now in her thirteenth day from Liverpool.

Marine Disaster.

Nonroux, Jan. 20, 1853.

The schooner New Regulus, from Baltimore for New Bedford, with a cargo of grain, put in here with loss of mainmast and all attached. Markets. New Orleans, Jan. 18—P. M. The total sales of cotton to-day were 6,000 bales, at an advance of 1/2 a 1/4c. Strict middling is quoted at 91/4c.

Eales were made here to-day of 1,280 bales of cotton, at prices ranging from 8 a 8%c.

Police Intelligence. AN ALLEGED FRAUDULENT ASSOCIATION BROKEN UP BY THE POLICE—SEVERAL OF THE OPERATORS UNDER ARREST.

rest of John Little, J. P. Magle, Dr. Charles Willa, David Blake, Frederick Witteroth, George W. Howell W. H. Mulligan, — Melloth, and H. Hollenbeck, charged with being concerned in an alleged fraudulent affair, called the "U. S. Mutual Benefit Association of New York," lecated at present over the Pacific Bank, corner of

Grand street and Broadway. trate, that the concern above alluded to has been in operation, or in existence, for the last two years past, purporting to be incorporated under an act of the Legislature, passed April, 1848, with a cash capital of \$20,000, established for the insuring of its members against loss by sickness or accident. The terms, as set forth in their

established for the insuring of its members against loss by sickness or accident. The terms, as set forth in their circular, run from two dollars up to thirteen—that is to say, those members who pay annually two dollars are entitled to \$2 per week when sick, those paying \$3 per year, the same amount is to be allowed weekly in cases of sickness, and so on up to \$13. Also, in cases of death, \$25 is allowed for funeral expenses.

At the time of for funeral expenses.

At the time of the sickness of the sasociation, John Br. Wills, of No. 50 Thirteenth street, havd Blake, No. 54 Howard street, and Frederick Witteroth, No. 31 Canal street, comprised the finance committee. The circular issued by this concern, as an inducement and reference, included the names of Messrs. R. I. & A Stuart, sugar refiners, corner of Greenwich and Chambers streets; Ball, Black & Co., jewelers, in Broadway, and some fifteen other gentlemen and firms; persons, therefore, who were applied to for the purpose of subscription, on seeing mass of respectable merchants and storekeepers, believed that the concern was just and honest, and George W. Howell is now the President, and H. Hollenbeck, Secretary. The complainants in his matter are Mr. Thomas Blakersiding in Eleventh areauc, between Forty-third and same place. Both these persons have made onthe before the magistrate that John Little, J. P. Magle, Dr. Wills, Pavid Blake, and Frederick Witteroth, and chors, did compite together, on the 25th of February, 1862, and defrauded them out of \$8 seach, by representations set forth in their circular of reference, purporting to be signatures of respectable gentlemen, when, in truth and in fact, the names of those gentlemen had been used without their permission or consent. At the time the complainants paid their money, and became members, one Mr. Millotten of February, 1862, and defrauded them out of \$8 seach, by representations set forth in their circular of reference, purporting to be signatures of respectable gentlemen, when, in truth and in fact, t